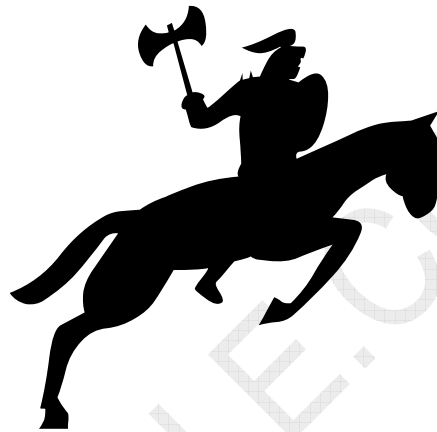


# *Easy CramBible Lab*



**1Z0-255**

**Hyperion Essbase 7.1.2 Consultant**

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**THE TOTAL NUMBER OF QUESTIONS IS 129**

**QUESTION NO: 1** When working with an aggregate storage database, what is the default dimension calculation order?

- A. Accounts, Time, Dense, Sparse, Two-Pass
- B. Stored hierarchies (variable order), Dynamic hierarchies
- C. Dynamic hierarchies, Stored hierarchies (variable order)
- D. Sparse, Accounts (if dense), Time(if dense), other Dense

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 2** What are two ways to improve dataload speed in block storage? (Choose two.)

- A. load the file from the client
- B. load the file from the server
- C. sort data files in order by Dense dimensions
- D. sort data files in order by Sparse dimensions

**Answer: B, D**

**QUESTION NO: 3** Which Analytic Services environment variable defines the encoding that Analytic Server uses to interpret text characters?

- A. EASPATH
- B. ESSLANG
- C. NLSPATH
- D. ARBORPATH

**Answer: B**

**QUESTION NO: 4** Which two statements are true when using Attribute dimension members in calculation functions? (Choose two.)

- A. Attribute dimension members cannot be assigned calculated data.
- B. The FIX command can contain Attribute dimension members only.
- C. The CALC DIM command can be used to aggregate an Attribute dimension.
- D. The FIX command can contain Attribute functions to derive base dimension member lists.

**Answer: A, D**

**QUESTION NO: 5 When creating an aggregate storage database, which three statements are true about hierarchies? (Choose three.)**

- A. The first hierarchy under a dimension must be stored.
- B. When a hierarchy is tagged as Multiple Hierarchies Enabled, it must be label only.
- C. While not advisable, shared members can appear in the outline before their stored counterpart.
- D. Stored hierarchies within a Multiple Hierarchies Enabled dimension can have shared members.
- E. Dimensions tagged as Dynamic can contain both shared members and members with formulas.

**Answer: A, B, E**

**QUESTION NO: 6 What is the default column delimiter in the Data Prep Editor?**

- A. tab
- B. comma
- C. white space
- D. single quote

**Answer: A**

**QUESTION NO: 7 View the Exhibit.**

**In an aggregate storage database, "Profit per Ounce" (Measures dimension) and "Variance %" (Scenario dimension) are dynamically calculated members. To determine Variance %, you use this formula:**

$$((\text{Actual} - \text{Budget})/\text{Budget}) * 100$$

**Which two solve order options (member - solver order) will produce the results shown in the spreadsheet shown in the exhibit? (Choose two.)**

			Cola
			Profit per Ounce
East	Jan	Actual	100.00
		Budget	200.00
		Variance%	-50.00
	Feb	Actual	90.00
		Budget	100.00
		Variance%	-10.00
	Mar	Actual	120.00
		Budget	100.00
		Variance%	20.00

- A. Measures - 0 Profit Per Ounce - 1  
Scenario - 0 Variance % - 0
- B. Measures - 2 Profit Per Ounce - 1  
Scenario - 1 Variance % - 2
- C. Measures - 2 Profit Per Ounce - 0  
Scenario - 0 Variance % - 1
- D. Measures - 0 Profit Per Ounce - 0  
Scenario - 0 Variance % - 1

**Answer: B, D**

**QUESTION NO: 8 Given the following information:**

**Dimensions D/S Actual/Stored Dimension Type Year Dense 20/12 Time Measures Dense 16/8 Accounts Product Sparse 22/19 None Market Sparse 250/250 None Scenario Dense 5/2 None**

**What is the optimal outline order for calculation?**

- A. Measures, Year, Scenario, Product, Market
- B. Product, Market, Scenario, Year, Measures
- C. Scenario, Measures, Year, Market, Product
- D. Year, Measures, Product, Market, Scenario

**Answer: A**

**QUESTION NO: 9 Which type of member is associated with the most efficient use of multiple IF commands in a calculation script?**

- A. Dense
- B. Sparse
- C. Locked
- D. Unlocked

**Answer: A**

**QUESTION NO: 10** If Product and Market are the only Sparse dimensions, which file(s) would be restructured if a new member were added to the Product dimension?

- A. none
- B. data files only
- C. index files only
- D. both index and data files

**Answer: C**

**QUESTION NO: 11** View the Exhibit.

Using the input data, calculation script, and results, which account type is required for the calculation of the Variance member?

Input data:			
	Mar	100-10	New York
	Actual	Budget	Variance
Sales	250	200	#missing
COGS	100	75	#missing
Margin	#missing	#missing	#missing

Calculation Script:

```

FIX ("100-10", "New York" )
  CALC DIM ("Total Year", Measures, Scenario);
ENDFIX

```

Results:

	Mar	100-10	New York
	Actual	Budget	Variance
Sales	250	200	50
COGS	100	75	-25
Margin	150	125	25

- A. TB First
- B. Dynamic Calc
- C. Two-Pass Calc
- D. Expense Reporting